Strahlman, Dr. L. 1-2-45
411 Medico Dental Bldg.
San Diego, 1, Calif.

"Isn't it queer . . . . that God still rules supreme ? !"

* * * *

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States".

VOLUME XIV. No. 48. SAN DIEGO (5) CALIFORNIA MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1944 $2.50 PER YEAR—SINGLE COPY 5 CENTS

Remember Pearl Harbor ?

Bealle Puts Blame on F. D. R. for Cancelling 'Alert' Order to Please Japs

WASHINGTON, —Morris A. Bealle, one time editor of the magazine **"Plain Talk"**, has written a book, "Washington Squirrel Cage." The volume is endorsed by the American Democratic National committee pledged to save their country and party from a fourth term and the New Dealers.

Vigilance Called Off.

It charges President Roosevelt called off the army and navy's vigilant watch on all Japanese avenues of attack at the suggestion of the Japanese and thus paved the way for the assault.

"It is a known fact that some sort of instructions went out from Washington Nov. 27, 1941, to the army and navy commanders in Hawaii," the book states. "As a result of these instrustions, the defenses of the island were taken off the No. 3 alert (ready for anything) and put on the No. 1 alert (watch out for acts of sabotage within the islands only).

"The link in this picture, which had been missing since the morning of Dec. 7, 1941, was supplied by a Democrat of high position and long standing in Washington—one who was a voting and working Democrat when Franklin Roosevelt and Wendell Willkie didn't know what they were. His information came from a source that is hardly impeachable and it fits into the rest of the known facts like the last scrap of a jigsaw puzzle.

F. D. R. Called Gullible; Was He ?

"The army and navy had been heeding the warnings of Ambassador Grew for weeks and maintaining a close watch on all avenues of attack by the Japanese. Baron Nomura and his partner came to Washington in November and the first thing they did was to tell our gullible President that this alertness was irritating Japanese people and making difficult the task of Tojo's plenipotentiaries.

"Nomura told Mr. Roosevelt that this close watch was embarassing them, it indicated suspicion and ill feeling toward Japan, and that if the 'watch were lowered' and an attitude of confidence in Japan displayed, their task of averting the war would be much easier.

"History's biggest sucker swallowed the bait and lowered our watch, after telling Mr. Churchill that he was 'babying Japan along' and the American people that 'every man is at his battle station from Singapore to Honolulu.'

CHURCHILL VICTORY

"Then the Jap rats struck, and Mr. Churchill had accomplished his purpose of getting the vast industrial resources and cannon fodder of the United States openly into England's war against Germany.

"The ease with which the incredibly naive Mr. Roosevelt was fooled gave the Japs a distorted picture of the American people. It made them unduly cocky. That was apparently why the bombastic Japanese admiral boasted that he would dictate the terms of peace in Mr. Roosevelt's own boudoir.

"Had our Hawaiian forces still been on the No. 3 alert, divided command or not, they could have annihilated the attacking Japanese planes before they reached their objective."

The book labeled as a "white-wash" the Pearl Harbor report of the commission headed by Supreme Court Justice Roberts.. It asserted Rep. Short (R.,Mo.) charged that the report was doctored at the White House and that no official denial of this charge was ever made..

Bealle declared that "if the President persists in suppressing the facts of Pearl Harbor until after the election, that will be all the proof intelligent Americans need that our congressional information is substantially correct."

— Chicago Tribune

Building Up The Aggressors

By Harry Paxton Howard, in the Progressive

. . The Roosevelt Administration, however did neither. After its re-election in 1936, it proceeded to **violate the Neutrality Act on behalf of the aggressors.** It set forth two propositions, both of which were demonstrably false: First that the Spanish conflict was simply a "civil" war. Secondly, that the Neutrality Act was applicable to "civil" conflicts.

Acting upon these two falsehoods, it proceeded to embargo military supplies to the desperately belaguered Spanish Republic, and continued to supply them to the German and Italian invaders. The Neutrality Act was violated, and Nazi and Fascist aggression steadily built up and expanded. This was the act of the Administration, not of Congress.

In 1937, the Japanese militarists launched an unprovoked war of aggression in China. In this case, American economic influence was far greater than in the Spanish conflict, since the United States was the principal source of supply of the Japanese invaders. Even more clearly and indubitably than in the case of Spain, it was an aggressive war by one government against another. We had the same legal alternatives as in Spain.

But the Administration, on the pretext that war had not been "declared," this time **declined** to apply the Neutrality Act. Instead, it supplied the Japanese invaders with all the oil and other supplies they needed to bomb the Chinese forces along the coast into mangled flesh and submission.

The embargo that had been applied against the Spanish Republic was **not** applied against the Japanese militarists. The Bushido boys hired a whole fleet of Standard Oil tankers to take the fuel of death across the Pacific, and to build up adequate supplies not only against the Chinese but against us. It was American fuel that flew Japan's bombing planes to Pearl Harbor.

Throughout those years there was widespread and increasingly bitter resentment among the American people, both inside and out of Congress, against this continued aid to military aggression both in Europe and in Asia. But the Administration continued its secret and shady policies, building up the Great Powers **against which we are today at war.** We were gotten into war when the Administration in 1940-'41, deliberately and completely reversed its previous policies with regard to Germany and Japan.

Defying Public Opinion

All this, of course, makes excellent political ammunition against the Roosevelt Administration. But the problem lies deeper than the problem of Roosevelt II and his government.

President Hoover in 1931-'32, with Stimson as his Secretary of State, carried on secret policies not only of "appeasement" but of definite collaboration with the Japanese militarists in their invasion of Manchuria and their attack upon the Chinese forces of Tsai Ting-Kai at Shanghai.

So secret were these moves that Stimson was able five years later to convince many Americans, by specious "explanations" and misrepresentations, that he had "tried to stop the Japanese" but "the British wouldn't cooperate." In fact, the direct opposite was the case. Furthermore, during the period of Hoover-Stimson collaboration with Tokyo there was growing resentment among the American press and people which Stimson himself described in his book as follows:

" . . . . . feeling in our country was rising . . . With the repeated acts of defiance on the part of the Japanese government to make good its assurances, popular criticism throughout the country had been rising. Through the press the growth of this American feeling became very manifest to us at the Department. It was clear that the American people were following the proceedings both here and at Geneva with great interest. It was also clear that they were growing puzzled and angry at the silence of their own government. . . . . Accordingly, on Nov. 19 . . I invited in Mr. Debuchi, the Japanese Ambassador . . . I reminded him that I had gone so far . . . as to urge our own press not to publish any matter which would inflame American sentiment against Japan . . . . "

Once upon a time there was an eccentric professor. He was so eccentric that the other professors noticed it.

"General" Biddle's Assistant

PAUL RICHIE AGAINST FOURTH TERM

SAYS F. D. R. GOT U. S. IN WAR

The resignation of Paul Richie, former assemblyman, from the Democratic County Central committee, mailed to the committee in keeping with his promise to quit the committee if President Roosevelt were renominated for a fourth term, ridiculed Rep. Ed. V. Izac as a "rubber stamp" for the president, praised the Republican congressional candidate, James B. Abbey, offered faint praise for Sen. Sheridan Downey, and charged the president with responsibility for America's entry into the war. He also praised Assemblyman Charles Stream.

Richie recalled his 10 years continuous membership on the Democratic Central committee, eight of which, he reminded the other members, he was exofficio member by reason of his membership in the state legislature from 1935 to 1943.

TURNS ON IZAC (ne Isaacs)

Turning to Izac, Richie wrote:

"I recognize the undoubted ability of Congressman Izac. Four years ago and previously I voted for him. But to my mind his very ability has long since become a liability by reason of his support of those policies of the president which in my opinion have betrayed the country.

"The congressman's record has become inseparable from the president's. Izac is to Roosevelt what a burr is on a burro. When the burro goes, the burr goes. I hope to see Izac defeated and James B. Abbey elected to Congress. Once, in 1935, I spent a Saturday afternoon with Abbey in Sacramento. We talked extendedly about national and world politics. I know that Abbey desires the democratic welfare of his country. He is anything but a Fascist.

'PARTY DESTROYED'

"That leaves the president for comment. He has done more than all others to destroy the Democratic party, which today would be practically nothing without him, and is likely to go down as he goes.

"It seems to me that the president's only success has been that he succeeded in getting his country into war—a war of such magnitude and destruction that it constitutes the greatest scourge the world has ever known.

"This committee, and, for the present, a majority of Americans, in the heat of war, may deny the president's provocative role. Informed persons do not. Members of congress have asserted it. Some of the evidence has been assembled in the Congressional Record. More will be uncovered and fitted together. Writers and historians will do their work after the war is over."

'NO PEACE LEADER'

As to Roosevelt's role as a peace leader, Richie commented:

"I have no confidence in Mr. Roosevelt's leadership to win the peace. Peace is something that follows automatically from justice. It is not something to be shrewdly won like chips in a game of cards after a new deal. The president has given evidence of favoring the status quo of old, and rotten, empires and regimes that led to war.

"I believe the president is playing power politics. I believe he has been and is a party to secret covenants secretly arrived at. I believe he is party to a new and streamlined scheme of empire never seen quite as planned in the world before—an empire of international finance with a world bank and branches to channel the commerce of the world through the profit-squeezing mechanism of unseen and uncrowned rulers."

ATTACK ATTEMPT FAILS; SCREAMS ROUT ASSAILANT

While she was walking in the 4100 block on Thirtieth st., a man, approaching her from behind, grabbed her throat and attempted to drag her onto a lawn, but she screamed and he fled between two houses, a young photography shop employee reported to police.

She described her assailant as being short, about 24 with wavy dark hair.

When will City Manager Walter Cooper place the safety of San Diego women above parking meters graft? Why does he not replace policemen with policewoman to write parking tickets and put the men on night patrol duty to protect women in San Diego from being raped?

CIVIC GROUP HITS MILITARY WASTE

"Unwarranted destruction of thousands of dollars worth of critical materials at various San Diego military bases and stations" was attacked in a resolution adopted by the Council of Chambers of Commerce and Civic clubs in the U. S. Grant hotel.

The action was sponsored by Ralph O. Coggeshall, past president of the council, and representatives of the South of Broadway association. Copies of the resolution will be sent to the president, the secretaries of war and navy, Rep. Ed. Izac and local state assemblymen.

"I personally have seen three acres of lumber burning at the Naval Repair base," Coggeshall said. "This is criminal in view of the pressing need of this material for civilian use." The resolution urged that lumber and other vital materials be sorted and sold at competitive bidding.

At the request of the Adams Avenue Business association, the council, representing 16 civic groups, urged investigation of allegedly lax garbage and rubbish disposal collection throughout the city. Harrison Mason, club president, was named by Herman Cramer, council president, as chairman of a committee to report on the problem at the next meeting.

SMYTHE "SINGS" EICHER'S PRAISE

WASHINGTON,— Defendant Edward James Smythe of New York, who formerly was at odds with the presiding judge, but changed his attitude after breaking with his former attorney, Mr. Laughlin, said: "The time has long since passed that some one connected with the sedition case rise in the defense of Justice Eicher and his conduct of the mass trial."

Smythe added: "While of course Justice Eicher needs no defense for his judicial conduct of this case; nevertheless I feel that as a leading defendant in this Gilbert and Sullivan comedy of laughs and errors, I should do just that..

Doesn't Want Mistrial.

"When history is written about this most historic case, the chief justice will take his place as an outstanding American jurist with a deep sense of fair play and justice. I have no doubt of that. Then let the defense attorneys get down to basic principles involved and try this case on its merits and stop making a circus of this historic struggle for civil liberties."

Smythe said he did not want a mistrial, adding: "Nor do I want to see this trial stopped. I want to be cleared of these nefarious charges and I want to see it go on to the end, regardless of how long it takes.

"The constitution is on trial here, and we are but the symbols through which the enemies of America want to destroy it."

Smythe's statement was issued through the office of his attorney, M. Edward Buckley, jr. At the same time, the defendant made public a telegram he sent to District Attorney Frank S. Hogan in New York offering Smythe's services in prosecuting Edwin P. Banta, charged with falsely accusing Arthur Derounian, a prospective prosecution witness in the sedition case, of criminal assault on a young woman. Derounian, under the name of John Roy Carlson, wrote "Under Cover", a smear on Nationalism in the United States. Smythe told the district attorney he knew Banta well, did not believe his charge against Derounian and had information against the writer's accuser which he would be glad to furnish.

THE BROOM

"IN HOC SIGNO VINCES"

"NOT AFRAID TO TELL THE TRUTH"

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THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

Mikado, British-American Puppet

By Harry Paxton Howard

(Continued from last week)

The Germans invaded Russia. The Japanese remained neutral, declining to respond to Hitler's appeals that they strike Russia in the rear. Our negotiations with Japan continued, and the Japanese Government—according to the official statement of our State Department—made the definite decision to reach a friendly settlement with the United States. Permit me to quote verbatim from the story given out by the State Department at Washington on December 4, 1943, as it appeared in the New York Times on December 5:

"Emperor Hirohito, when the present Japanese Government of General Hidédi Tojo took office on October 18, 1941, had taken the unprecedented step of directing the Government heads to avoid war with the United States, Joseph C. Grew, United States Ambassador to Japan, reported this as reliable information from an unidentified informant on October 25, 1941.

"Just before the fall of the preceding cabinet, Mr. Grew reported, the Emperor, in a conference with the leading members of the privy council and of the armed forces, inquired 'if they were prepared to pursue a policy which would guarantee that there would be no war with the United States.'

"The army and navy representatives did not reply to the question, so the Emperor, 'with a reference to the progressive policy pursued by the Emperor Maiji, his grandfather, in an unprecedented action ordered the armed forces to obey his wishes'."

The new Japanese Cabinet dispatched the special envoy Kurusu to Washington, to negotiate here. He arrived in November, evidently with instructions to reach an agreement on a basis previously discussed and tentatively agreed to by representatives of the two Governments, and with specific orders "to pursue a policy which would guarantee that there would be no war with the United States."

On November 26, as we knew from the State Department's official statement, the American Government presented the Japanese with wholly new demands. Instead of the previous appeal, and I quote, for "the united efforts of Nations like Japan, the United States, and Great Britain" against Hitlerism, the American Government called upon the Japanese to "withdraw all military, naval, air and police forces from China and from Indo-China," and "not support, militarily, politically, economically, any government or regime in China other than the National Government of the Republic of China, with capital temporarily at Chungking." Japanese assets in the United States had already been "frozen", and an increasingly tight embargo was already being enforced against Japan. Our note of November 26 made it clear that only by yielding to our demands would the Japanese be able to obtain the resumption of peaceful economic relations with the United States.

Secretary Hull, it is important to realize, did not expect these new demands would be accepted. According to the New York Times correspondent, Arthur Krock, under date of December 17, 1941, Secretary Hull "felt sure that the reply of Tokyo to the proposals of November 26 would be an expansion of the war somewhere in the Pacific area at the first moment that appeared to be propitious and who issued a private warning to his associates to look for it at any time."

That these warnings were actually issued we know from the Roberts Commission's report of January 23, 1942. On November 27, 1941, the Chief of Naval Operations, the Army Chief of Staff, and the Chief of Military Intelligence at Washington all sent most remarkable and significant messages to their chief officers at Hawaii and elsewhere, stating specifically that negotiations with Japan "had ended"; that hostilities were "momentarily possible"; but that "this Nation should not commit the first overt act."

On December 7, the Japanese attacked. Secretary Hull's expectations were fulfilled. And Congress, which had shown such bitter resistance to repeal of the Neutrality Act in November, was brought by this overt act to virtually 100-percent support of the war. There seems to have been very little consideration of the fact that our Government had on November 26 presented a virtual ultimatum to the Japanese, in the full expectation that the Japanese reply would be war. We had been attacked, and we rallied in defense.

What caused the administration to effect its radical change in policy toward Japan in November? Perhaps it was the great difficulty it had in obtaining repeal of the Neutrality Act. As is clear from the State Department's published papers, Hitlerism was seen as the main enemy, and for months our Government sought Japan's cooperation against Hitler. The Japanese Government, according to our State Department, was determined to avoid war with the United States, and welcomed our earlier proposals.

But the administration faced enormous difficulties in obtaining repeal of the Neutrality Act in November 1941. It succeded in getting what it aimed at, but against very strong opposition. It was out of the question to get a declaration of war from Congress, unless we were actually attacked. So the administration finally decided to withdraw its former offer of a friendly understanding with Japan against Germany, and present the ultimatium of November 26. So it got its declaration of war—overwhelmingly, and with only one dissenting vote.

So we were gotten into the war via the Pacific. But we did not concentrate our forces in the Pacific. We concentrated our forces and our supplies farther west, supporting the countries which were fighting Germany. So the British Empire has not only been saved, but has been made more powerful than ever before. The Soviet regime has not only been saved, but is now expanding its domination in the areas of eastern Europe which it formerly got hold of by its deals with Hitler. But Japan has expanded to the dimensions of vast empire, one of the greatest in the world. So far we have done no more than push into the farthest periphery of this empire, at two points. As General Edson of the United States Marine Corps said, on January 3, summing up the situation, the Japanese had "lost practically nothing" except some shipping, their casualties had been light in comparison with their total strength and "they have in their possession at the moment everything that they started this war for." And he warned that Tarawa, for which we paid heavily, was "easier" than some points nearer Japan will be. "The information which we had on tides at Tarawa was sketchy at the best," he said. "As we get farther and farther toward Japan we will have even less information than we had this time."

I believe that most of the American people want the persons responsible for the treacherous attack upon Pearl Harbor brought to book. And if we are fighting for permanent peace, and for the freedom and democracy which are the basis of enduring peace in the Far East, the war is worth while. Freedom and democracy and enduring peace are worth fighting for, in order that our children may be free from the fear of slavery and from the fear of war.

(To Be Concluded)

Gerald L. K. Smith

Because Thomas Dewey is a lick-spittle does not make Gerald L. K. Smith good timber for the presidency. If Smith were a real man he would not help the 4th termites by diverting votes from the Republican party.

The trick of misleading the gullible public is always to point out the scoundrel on the other side and let the suckers believe that you are no scoundrel. This tactic in itself proves you a scoundrel.

Smith has his uses in the U. S. A. as an agitator and rabble rouser. When FDR organizes the rabble under CIO and the other boss racketeers, like Kelly and Hague, naturally, the remaining rabble needs a leader, such as Smith, to work against the first rabble.

Responsible people will not follow rabble leaders. France has been torn by many small parties, this made it easy for the Communists to dominate the scenes. The more small groups are fighting each other the better for the New Deal termites, they can carry at the final count.

Because the GOP also is ruled by the international Jews and bankers is no reason for deserting the party; the more reason for pitching in, doing your part to clean house. When the baby is dirty we don't throw it in the ashcan but take it to the bathroom and with plenty of hot water and suds give it a through cleansing. Irresponsible people always run away when the going gets hard.

This is the time when all good men, and women, must come to the aid of the Party.

Of course we know that Herbert Hoover is an Imperialist not an American First.

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Never Mind Dewey, Vote G. O. P. !

Editor Broom:-

It is strange that Dewey would risk the Presidency over his political dislike of one, lone Congressional district's incumbent. For Ham Fish's friends are in every congressional district of the United States; hence Ham's influence goes far beyond the borders of his own district.

The people of So. Carolina were ready to eliminate "Cotton Ed" Smith six years ago on account of his age until Roosevelt butted in the affairs of the voters of that state and told them to purge Smith; this riled the boys in that Dixie state and they purged Roosevelt instead.

This carries me back to a personal experience when, back in Illinois I used to belong to the Roger Sullivan faction; we realized Roger had his short-comings but acknowledged his ability as being the first state leader to put Illinois in the Democratic column.

Then along came Bryan. "Get rid of Sullivan", he snorted. We thot it over. Wasn't Bryan the political general of all Democratic forces in the country? We decided that the control of city, county and state forces should be left to the captains, lieutenants, etc., in command of the lesser political units. Did we get rid of Sullivan? No, we got rid of Bryan!

Dewey has made a mistake but it would be a bigger mistake for us to let his attempt to read Fish out of the G. O. P. to cause us to waver in our determination to root out bag and baggage the Nudeal aliens and crack-pots; that is our job in spite of hell and high water.

H. D. KISSENGER.

6,600,000 Refugees in the U. S. A.

My Dear Mr. de Aryan:-

I'm enclosing a copy of a letter I wrote Hon. Hiram W. Johnson, in answer to an appeal by Hon., Robert R. Reynolds—to write protesting the entry of aliens to the U. S.

I hope and presume you received one of his letters. He quotes, John B. Trevor, saying that "When the present war began, there were between 5 and 6 million aliens in the U. S., many of whom had been here for 20 years or more without making application for American citizenship. Since the World War II began on Sept., 3 1939, more than 600,000 have been permitted to enter the country, most of them under temporary visas as students, businessmen, tourists, refugees, etc.

In addition to this, of course, you have observed through the columns of the press, that the President has issued a proclamation authorizing one thousand refugees to enter the U. S. now and be housed at abandoned Army Camps in the State of New York.

This one thousand, of course, is merely the entering wedge. Once the foot is in the door, I am of the opinion that thousands of refugees will follow—and once they are here they will not be returned. This latter statement is submitted upon evidence to the effect that already several organizations are propagandizing with a view to keeping all these alien-refugees here once they are upon our shores.

Very sincerely,

—SANDRA

EDWIN P. BANTA

Edwin P. Banta has been charged and arrested in New Yory City. The district attorney says he conspired with June Kelly to blackmail the author of "Under Cover" by fabricating a story of attack with intent to rape the sweet lady.

This is a case where the plague belongs on all their houses.

Banta is a professional informer of the same stripe as Derounian, the author of "Under Cover". June Kelly is a proper moll for either. It makes no difference who is doing the smearing now, the smearers are smearing each other. June might have discovered that there is more profit in going against Banta.

EDITOR'S CRITICISM OF CENSOR UPHOLD

AUCKLAND, New Zealand,—The right of the press to criticize censorship regulations was upheld here with the verdict of the full court in favor of Robert Hewitt Billens, newspaper editor, accused early this year of a breach of New Zealand censorship regulations.

By a majority decision, the full court with two judges in favor and Lord Chief Justice Sir Michael Myers dissenting, upheld Billens' appeal.

Last December Billens, editor of the Manawatu Times, Palmerston North, in an editorial entitled "The Gag," critized the censorship and the director of publicity, J. T. Paul. Billens described the director as "supreme artist in suppression in the Anglo-Saxon world today" and stated that what drove the "gagging machine" into top gear was solicitude for the government.

MAKING MONEY out of WAR

By Milton Mayer in the Progressive

You will be interested to learn that your friend Mayer, the old radical received a dividend check last week from the United States of America, for something like 15 bucks.

Permit me first to reflect on the dividend paid by the U. S. A. I went to the movies the other night and got another load of Mr. Morgenthau's sales talk for war bonds. A man on the screen made a speech, and this was the end of it.

"In Germany and Japan you would be **forced** to sacrifice. Not in America. In America, for every three dollars you put in now, you get four dollars 10 years from now. **That's the American Way — you don't GIVE, you GET!"**

Not a ripple came out of the audience. Maybe it was because they had just seen the first newsreel of the invasion, pictures of men, maybe of their own kids, going down with a belly full of lead on the Normandy beach.". . . **Three dollars now, and four dollars 10 years from now . . . .**" It didn't sit so good—not right on top of the pictures of men giving everything and getting nothing.

MIDDLE WEST'S 'CRUSADE'

Well, that's where my $15 dividend came from, folks. I didn't give: I got. I'm making money on the war.

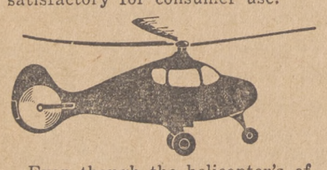
I'm being patriotic — and making money. The stiffs on the Normandy beach are just being patriotic.

And **Time** magazine this week discovers that the war is not a crusade at all. But Mr. Morgenthau's boys assure us that that isn't so: its a crusade for The American Way. " . . . **Three dollars now, and four dollars 10 years from now . . . . .**"

PLANE TALK

BY Rowland Burnstan

A common opinion which seems to be built up in the public's mind is that an easy to operate practical helicopter will be made available to individuals shortly after the termination of the war. This idea, however, is not shared by experts in the field who believe that thousands of engineering hours must be put on such planes before they will be satisfactory for consumer use.



Even though the helicopter's efficiency is about one-third to one-half that of a small fixed wing plane, there are advantages which the helicopter of the present time enjoys over other planes, such as its ability to rise and descend vertically and to hover over a fixed point. This is a definite aid in navigation. However, there are certain handicaps which aeronautical engineers are attempting to overcome in their effort to make the helicopter practical for private flying. The helicopter is more difficult to fly than the conventional lightplane; it is more subject to icing; its gas consumption is greater than the fixed wing plane; present complicated mechanical parts invite operational failures; vibration, which pilots shun, is apparent; and in addition the helicopter would be difficult to abandon by parachute.

Potentially the helicopter has ideal possibilities for private fliers, but in its present stage it is tricky to operate and far less stable than the conventional light fixed wing plane.

Looking Ahead

Freight

By GEORGE S. BENSON

President of Harding College

Searcy, Arkansas

YEARS before I ever saw an ocean, pictures of Oriental places and people interested me. Distinctly I remember one decorative drawing of a Chinese boy. He wore wooden shoes and a bread-tray hat. His queue seemed to wave sportily behind him as he walked with a wooden yoke on his shoulders. The yoke helped him carry two buckets that hung by cords, one at each end.

Later I saw such men in real life, many of them. I was old enough then to wonder what was in the buckets and why people had to lug them. The first such "common carrier" I patronized had kerosene in his buckets, five gallons at each end of the yoke. His daily job was to walk ten miles and carry ten gallons, for which labor the local oil dealer paid him ten cents a day.

A Sharp Contrast

OIL consumers had to pay 1¢ a gallon for ten miles of over-land transportation, which is exhorbitant. The dealer had to content himself with a speed of one mile per hour in transit, which is ridiculous. The poor Coolie worked ten hours a day for a penny an hour, $3 a month, which is preposterous. Such was the Orient when I was there and it hadn't changed much in 1,000 years.

In America, where there are railroads, and the economy of volume applies in transportation as well as in other things, one cent pays for moving a gallon of kerosene over-land 100 miles, not ten. Speeds in transit are rarely below 200 miles a day. Trainmen who do the work get $175 a month, not $3. The difference is that railroad investment exceeds $20,000 per employee.

Interior Develops

TOTAL railway investment in the United States exceeds 26.5 billion dollars. In a recent address in Florida, Thurman W. Arnold of the U. S. Court of Appeals charged the railroads with trying to throttle competition to make their investments safe. I do not know the specific accusation, but I know two things: (1) Real competition can't be throttled and (2) Investments ought to be protected.

Whose investment is it? Millions of people. A government with the interest of its citizens in mind would help protect their investments; their accumulated labor. Railroads, more than any one thing, made America what it is today, different from China. Railroads penetrated the wilderness, and people hurried inland to seek personal gain and the interior developed quickly.

Railroads are sending young men to war; have their acute manpower shortage. But with less equipment than they had in World War I, they are doing above 50% more actual work than they did under Federal bunglement. Our only road to still higher American efficiency after the war is through protecting and encouraging liberal investment of private capital in the tools of production.

The Sun Work Shop

Good
THOUGHT

Good WORD — Good DEED

Caiaphas' Report on the Resurrection

(From the Talmud, Constantinople)
SANHEDRIM, 89, BY SIPHRI II, 7.

(Continued from last week)

"Thus argue Peter and John. If Jesus had such power over nature and nature's laws, and power over death in others, he would have such power over death that he could lay down his life and take it up again, as he said he would do. As he proposes to bring hundreds of witnesses to prove all he says, and much more—witnesses whose veracity cannot be doubted—and as I had heard many of these things before from different men, both friends and foes (and although these things are related by his friends—that is, the friends of Jesus—yet these men talk like men of truth, and their testimony corroborates other evidence that I have from other sources, that convinces me that this is something that should not be rashly dealt with), and seeing the humble trust and confidence of these men and women, besides, as John says, thousands of others equally strong in their belief, it throws me into great agitation. I feel some dreadful foreboding—a weight upon my heart. I cannot feel as a criminal from the fact that I was acting according to my best judgment with the evidence before me. I feel that I was acting in defence of God and my country, which I love better than my life, and if I was mistaken, I was honest in my mistake. And as we teach that honesty of purpose gives character to the action, on this basis I shall try to clear myself of any charge, yet there is a conscious fear about my heart, so that I have no rest day or night. I feel sure that if I should meet Jesus I would fall dead at his feet; and it seemed to me if I went out I should be sure to meet him.

(To be concluded)

What Are The Talmuds ?

(Continued from last week)

The reader must remember that the soldiers who brought Jesus from the court of the high priest were Jewish soldiers. They were acquainted with the Jewish custom of washing the hands to condemn. Hence, when they saw Pilate wash his hands they took it for granted that Jesus was to die. But the Roman symbol of washing hands was the opposite of the Jewish, it meant the prisoner was found not guilty.

We also learn from the MECHILTA that the Jewish commonwealth was divided into districts, such as Palestine, Galilee, Judea, and so on. Each of these states had its courts and legislatures, presided over by a high priest. This is the reason we have so many high priests spoken of in the New Testament history. These states were subdivided into smaller divisions, each of which was presided over by a magistrate who was an officiating priest. If any one will read the MECHILTA, he will see clearly the government of the United States of North America; and as the laws of the Jewish nation were all dictated, supposedly, by the God of Heaven, we should study the parallel the more.

It is most remarkable that the Jewish influence has made itself felt through the whole history of the U. S. A. The spirit of socalled JUSTICE has been blind, like the veiled High priest officiating. Tooth for tooth prevails in place of the love of Jesus and the kindness of a forgiving Father. Materiality and the accumulation of material goods, property, is called the WORTH of a man in place of character and adherence to principle.

The SAPHRA means, in the Hebrew language, "corner stone or foundation rock", which means that all these laws were founded supposedly upon God's word or authority. This is quite an extended work, and is full of quotations from the various works of the ancient world. This little mention of the Talmud, we hope, will so stir American scholars that in time these things will be brought before the reading world. Whatever scholar undertakes such study should not trust to the printed copies of the Jewish rabbis, but go to the original manuscript at Constantinople and get it as it is written by its author. (To Be Continued)

Kindly send me a copy of your paper (or magazine) "The Broom".

Have seen your address in (How to Live).

Yours respectfully—NEW JERSEY

TAILORS and CLEANERS
GEORGE A. SAUL, Tailor — 1115 Broadway.

CHIROPRACTORS
DR. O. R. WAGNER, D. C. 2863 Fifth Ave., Phone Jackson 1439.
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DR. R. J. McBRIDE, D. C., 411 Fifth Ave. Bldg., Main 1466.

Why Our Editor Was Jailed

Honored Sir:

I read the brief account of your imprisonment in the May issue of HOW to LIVE for HEALTH and STRENGTH and would like further details on it, if you care to write me. Also tell me the price per copy of "The Broom" and its subscription rate. I have been a vegetarian for a number of years and will continue so as long as I have a free choice of foods. But I have been sick most of the time, due without doubt to an inheritance from a sickly mother. In the past year my nose broke out 15 times with colds and fever and nobody seems to know the cause. I am not troubled with it now, but no telling what winter will bring.

Yours sincerely—OREGON

* * * *

Dear Sir:

You should ask the editor of HOW TO LIVE to send you those back copies of his magazine where he published articles on BREATH and SPIRIT which he had copied from The Broom. I am too busy and have no help to find the originals in the THE BROOM.

I would also advise you to write to the MAZDAZNAN PRESS, 1159 So. Norton Ave., Los Angeles, for a copy of HEALTH and BREATH, that sells at $1.50 plus sales tax in California.

Your inheritance from a sickly mother need not hold you back. I was to die of TB, inherited from a TB father who died of it. I am 58 now and expect to be here many more years to finish my mission. IT'S THE SPIRIT that gives life to matter, and spirit, from Latin SPIRARE means to BREATHE. That's how I licked the TB and licked my persecutors, too, when they threw me in jail.

If you use the right spirit you can triumph over all adversity. The spirit gives life while ignorance kills. You need not be ignorant of the power of the spirit. Use it!

I shall be glad to give you detailed instructions in the art of BREATHING once you devote yourself seriously and religiously to its practice. I have no time to fool with people who merely try but refuse to follow thru.

I was arrested and jailed, taken to Washington, D. C., in chains and manacles upon specific orders of President Roosevelt when the CIO and AFL labor unions sent in monster petitions to that effect which they procurred upon instructions from the Jewish international 'Gestapo' officered by the B'nai B'rith and similar subversive and un-American organizations.

The reason for it is that I came to this country to demonstrate in practice that God is mightier than any corrupt government and corrupt rackets, such as our labor unions and Jewish subversive organizations. Naturally, then, the Whole New Deal Termite group joined hands to stop me by terrorizing, boycotting and finally jailing me. All they did is advertise that the truth, even when fearlessly presented by one single individual who takes his chances on it, is mightier than all the corrupt politicians and organizations heaped together.

I am slowly recovering from the terrific shocks of incarceration, starvation and poisoning by rotten food and continue to announce that: as queer as it may seem, God still rules supreme and takes no orders from FDR, even on D day, when he leads "religious" services, telling the Lord what to do.

Sincerely yours C. LEON de ARYAN

'Henry George', Safeguard of Capitalism

WHO MADE THE EARTH OR OWNS IT?

In previous issues, Washington Adams, our columnist with a streak of genius, suggested that we return to the dark ages for the solution of our government troubles by re-establishing the House of Land-Lords as the upper chamber in our state and national legislatures to act as a check on the moronic rabble who is to be represented in the lower house. This raises the question of equity.

All government systems, activities and representations, not based in equity, must of necessity be iniquous. Thus we must examine the claims of those who "own" land as against those who are disinherited and must pay rent to "land-owners" to be permitted to live on this earth.

How does a land-owner get that way? Who gave him exclusive possession of land? Did he make the land? Did those who give him title to the land make the land? Who has land to give away?

These questions must be answered and answered right, or else a government based on wrong practices, must, of necessity, produce the havoc in which all nations find themselves today.

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Washington Adams goes to the Encyclopedia Britanica for his authority on "feudalism" and on "cost of government". I am sure I am at least as good an authority on the true principles of government, based in equity, as the writers of the Encyclopedia and I am quite certain, I am a much truer authority because I know the subject of which I speak. And I am not merely presenting the reasoning viewpoint but also the mystic truth, thus have a check ordinary scientists lack. Naturally they ridicule the mystic, proving their ignorance.

From the mystic viewpoint we ask who made the planet? That's the owner. That's the person who alone has title thru creation, everybody else depends on the original maker for permission to use the planet as a domicile, etc. I am asking every land-owner to produce title from the Maker.

As a reasoning, human being, then, the mystic viewpoint is supported to the effect that all living beings on the planet have equal usetitle and birthright in equity. Therein the Creator made all men equal.

Thus Washington Adams will be hard put to produce one single land-owner, entitled to cast a vote for his type of land-owners upper house.

In a capitalistic country only capital, which is labor-product, gives possessive title. The product itself is capital and producers are owners of their products which they may invest in further production. Renting out their products entitles them to a return for use; this is RENT, or Dividends, or Interest.

When the "government" was "divinely ordained", title was vested by the Creator in the head, or Prince, of the government, he became the noble Lord, owner of the planet. In a republic this title is vested in ALL the people in common. We are the government.

Let Washington Adams deny any of these truths, if he dares.

In practice, today, the state "owns" the land and lend-leases it for taxes. Nobody owns land and nobody should, for the land is God's, left to all of us, as our birthrlght, in trust, for proper use. But at the same time the fiction of exclusive and private land-owner title produces a pernicious confusion of rights which endows the land-owner with a false sense of being God, entitled to collect tribute for the use of HIS land. This folly is the root of social inequity for it endows certain individuals with divine rights at the exclusion of others.. Thrift has nothing to do with land-ownership. An insane person may inherit land and be "taken care of" by the RENT all his life, guarded by strong arm keepers.

Only murdrers imagine that they are God and have power over the lives of others. Title of land in the U. S. A. has been acquired by murder. We murdered the American natives, and took possesion of their lands. To qualify to sit in Adam's upper house of the landlords you must prove your powers as a murderer, then and that's how wars are perpetuated for possession of the planet and its natural resources.

But the Lord, our God, says: "The meek shall inherit the Earth", the murderers will kill each other off.

"BELIEVE IT OR NOT, RIPLEY"

Guy Sensor read the story we had about him last week. Irene said she'll sue me for misquotation. But Guy decided everybody has a sense of humor, especially Ripley, for the "P" was missing in our story which spelled his name Riley. This in itself is a good believe it or not item.

Dear Friend:

A friend of mine sent me a copy of your paper "The Broom" and I more than appreciate it. The information it contained should be read by everyone and is a real help for our next election. You are more than doing your part to retain our constitution. If the rest would only do a small fraction of what you are doing, we are bound to win; however more and more are commencing to see the light, some never will.

I am enclosing a cashier's check for $3.00 for a years subscription. If you have any back numbers would appreciate if you would send a few and especially the Klein speech.

I know a number of friends who would like to read your paper and if you would care to have their names and addresses I would be glad to send them. I am enclosing a stamped and self addressed envelope..

Very truly yours,—Los Angeles

Before the present administration at Washington, the word "billion" was seldom used except to indicate light-year distances in the universe. Now it reveals the distance we are from national solvency .

Cigarette, Moth
HOLES Rewoven, $1. up; with this ad. 50c off.
HAYES MENDING
2139 El Cajon Blvd. J. 1145

A PERFECT BIRTHDAY PARTY

Last Thursday I spent the day between working in the printshop and in the company of friends who came to express their love and loyalty, topping the day with a perfect birthday party in the small family circle and dear ones. The prophet may not generally be honored in his home town, but he certainly has staunch admirers and loyal supporters. After we counted our birthday gifts we decided we can afford a 3-day vacation which we so terribly needed. This perfect birthday made us a new man in body and spirit.

The National Political Picture

"You shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free."

Usually political campagins treat the people as imbeciles. They boost their party candidates to high heaven and condemn the opposition to the bottomless abyss of corruption. The voters are supposed to be suckers and swallow it, and too many of them actually do.

The business of The Broom is to make a clean sweep. So we are doing it. We are avowedly a Republican paper but nevertheless independent and individualistic. We think and having thought out we speak truly. Yours truly is not going to be muzzled.

We have scoundrels in all political parties and to paint them as angels fools only the fools. To produce good government we first must know the rules, scientifically, and then, we must know the fellows who as public officials are going to be in charge of executing the work of government in accordance with the rules. Of course, most of us don't agree even on the rules. Shall our government be a Communistic, Socialistic, Feudalistic, Aristocratic, Democratic, Capitalistic, Individualistic government? There you are mixed up yourself and don't know what you want.

But one thing we can already agree upon. That is that we have the ins and outs. The outs want in and the ins want to stay in. We are for the change.

According to custom we would have to condemn FDR to the depths of limbo and praise Dewey as a little angel come from heaven to save the country.. That's the tenor of the GOP campaign.

Well, we don't sing that way. We tell the truth so that our present and future officials shall realize we know the score and call them by their right names. We warn them that they won't put anything over on us. We know that both Gov. Warren and Gov. Dewey are stooges and more interested in the spoils of office than the true welfare of the people. But since that is the best the GOP offers to California and the U. S. A. we will make the most of it.

We have come to the place where we are going to vote for a yellow dog rather than the 4th term and Gov. Thomas Dewey is it.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed money order of two dollars and fifty cents for one year subscription of your informative paper "The Broom".

A friend in Spokane sent a few copies and would like to get the future issues.

Yours for Constitutional Government.
—OREGON

NUDEALERS AFRAID OF THE KENT ISSUE

Isn't it odd that if there's nothing to the Tyler Kent matter, as some Nudealers aver, that he has been in jail for nearly 5 years? And isn't it odd there was no official denials issued? Was that what caused Jos Kennedy to chuck the fat job of Ambassador over there? As Joe never gave any very satisfactory reason for his resignation, Congress should investigate and should ask Mr. Kennedy some leading questions.

—The (Hot Springs, N. M.) Herald.

ENCLOSED $10

C. Leon de Aryan:

Enclosed is a birthday gift for you—may you have the 42 happy ones ahead of you.

Sincerely— —Mrs. R. B.

HEALTH—HOW TO GET IT

If anyone has disobeyed our Eternal God's Holy Law, remember, that there's a HELP for every disease (dis-ease) that is caused by such disobedience. Blankenburg has had for the last 46 years HERBS and OILS which were compounded ages ago by very masterful servants of the Most High for our help. He is able to convince you by giving him and his 85 recipes a fair trial. Call or write to

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1521 Broadway -:- San Diego

Robert Noble Tells His Experiences

D. C. Jail, Wash., D. C.
July 17, 1944

Dear Mr. de Aryan:

The twelve dollars sent recently care of Mr. Laughlin is very much appreciated. The way they feed us around here it is actually necessary to spend about three dollars each week in the canteen in order to have enough to eat...

At last I am out of this fantastic case due to the good offices of Mr. Laughlin. And am now happy to be able to send you some little report of our happenings.

First of all, we are extremely happy that Mr. Baxter has been discharged from the case. It has been quite a personal tragedy to all of us to see him straining to follow proceedings, knowing all the while of the difficulty he was having in his attempt to work nights to care for his little family, two darling little children and his devoted wife. It has been most commendable the way you have been able to help them. And others have done things here especially a lovely angel lady, whose name I wish I could mention, has just about looked after everybody.

Altho Baxter's attorney, Mr. Little, repeatedly informed the Judge that Mr. Baxter could not hear, Judge Eicher, the great Newdeal judge, not only ignored it but even stated that he could tell by looking at Mr. Baxter that he could hear alright. Finally after three months, the Judge all the while refusing to even as much as order a hearing test for Mr. Baxter, Mr. Little presented to the court an affidavit form a physician an certifying that Baxter's hearing was impaired 80 per cent. Then reluctantly the Judge ordered a special wire run from the witness stand to Mr. Baxter's seat and for a couple days he sat with a special hearing device to his ear—the judge being willing apparently to just pass over the fact that up until that time Baxter had not been able to hear the witnesses for twelve weeks. Some regard for due process of law. But that's a good example of how all along this Judge has been very niggardly in even pretending to go by the ordinarily accepted forms of lawful procedure.

After Mr. Baxter had listened over this special apparatus for a few days his attorney reported to the court that altho he could now hear the witnesses he could not hear statements, motions or remarks made by the various attorneys scattered over the courtroom and therefore even at this late date could not intelligently follow the progress of the trial. Faced by this situation and the publicity incidental to it—then only did the "gracious" Judge order a severance on belated motion of the Government Persecutor, Rogge.

At this same time the trial had been going on in the absence of Mr. True, altho day after day his diligent humane attorney, Mr. Latimer, had reported in open court that Mr. True was too ill to attend, that his physician was in constant attendance upon him and that in fact he was too weak to stand the ardous long court-day, and that if Mr. True was his patient he would order for him absolute rest.

Then the Judge and Mr. Rogge graciously decided to declare a mistrial for this benign softly-spoken elderly gentleman. Oh, no they didn't—they tried to get Mr. Latimer to have Mr. True waive his presence at the trial over his protest—which as I understand it, makes it impossible to try him again under this legalistic abortion, called an indictment.

Before Ellis O. Jones and I were brought here from the Lewisburg Federal Penitentiary in Pennsylvania, January 29, 1944, we had tried to contact Mr. James J. Laughlin, attorney of this city, but letters addressed to him from Lewisburg never reached him and were not returned to us. Likewise letters addressed to him from this jail, which go through the Bureau of Prisons (of the Dept. of Justice), did not reach him. At this same time I had written a number of letters to prominent people, old friends, and relatives, appealing for assistance in the matter of arranging proper legal counsel for this trial. All of this mail was held up until the infamous Chief Justice Eicher had forced a court appointed attorney upon me and even then most of these letters were returned to me unmailed.

(To be continued)

Moscow Style Purge Trial Takes Vacation

Famous "Volksgericht" Gives Jurors, Defendants, Lawyers and the Court a Fortnight Recess

WASHINGTON, (Special), August 14. — Today starts the 18th week of the most historical political trial in the life of our Republic, and on completing the week's work the court will recess until September 5, the Tuesday after Labor Day. The 26 defendants, 20-odd lawyers, 12 jurors and two alternates, as well as the judge and court attendants, will enjoy a well-earned two-weeks vacation.

Defendants who live at a distance will endeavor to go home for a visit, if they can raise the money; failing in this, they will work, or endeavor to find work. Lawyers from Chicago and Wiichita, Kansas, will return to their homes after the longest professional absence in their careers.

Dr. Gerald B. Winrod has been absent for weeks at the bedside of his ailing father in Wichita, Kansas. Mrs. Elizabeth Dilling had spent a week of last month in her Chicago office and home; she, her daughter, and her able attorney, Mr. Dilling, will return to the Windy City.

TO ASK EICHER TO QUIT

Discontent with Justice Eicher's conduct of the trial has not decreased as the affair progressed. The whole proceeding has been sprinkled with stern affidavits of bias and prejudice on the New Deal judge's part.

The latest motions and affidavits are those of Col. Eugene Nelson Sanctuary and Ernest F. Elmhurst, both of New York, filed Thursday, the 10th, accusing Eicher of the most violent personal prejudice and biased conduct, and asking mistrials for each defendant and that the judge quit the trial, or that a severance be granted for both.

The motions were drawn by the brilliant defense lawyer James J. Laughlin, who was arbitarily (and he alleges) illegally thrown out of the case for petitioning Congress to impeach the New Deal political judge.

Elmhurst, author of the sensational book "The World Hoax," alleges that he was deprived of adequate defense after he split with his original attorney Ira Chase Koehne. Sanctuary, a retired army colonel, pointed out that his lawyer, Henry H. Klein, had quit the trial and returned to New York after being fined twice ($400) for contempt of court and, on another occasion (before the trial) was "subjected to the disgrace and ignomy of being forceably ejected from the courtroom."

(The ejection of Mr. Klein in March was described in an article published at the time.)

Both motions charged that the judge had "a distinct bias, prejudice, hostility and animus" toward each defendant, and included a request for a dismissal of the charges against them.

LAUGHLIN WINS NEW JUDGE

Attorney Laughlin found a judge in Baltimore who was more sensitive to the plain wording of the statute, which requires a judge to step down when bias is sworn to and shown. Apparently the New Deal's Department of Justice was so riled and chagrined at Laughlin's desperate fight in Eicher's sedition court that they dug up an old case in Baltimore and indicted the Washington attorney, accusing him of "manufacturing" evidence for his client in a bank robbery case.

Mr. Laughlin filed an affidavit of bias and prejudce against U. S. District Judge William Coleman of Baltimore. Judge Coleman, on the 11th, disqualified himself and stepped down, submitting the Laughlin affidavit to **Senior Circuit Judge John J. Parker, one of the ablest judges in the United States,** who will designate another judge to try the Laughlin case.

(Judge Parker, it will be recalled, was appointed to the U. S. Supreme Court by President Hoover in 1930, but being attacked by Negroes and Union Labor bosses, failed of Senate confirmation by one vote).

EICHER'S RULINGS

Last week much time was consumed by the defense in its endeavor to exclude evidence seized from Pelley's home in Indianapolis, under an illegal search warrant. But the judge was, as usual, adamant to all pleas by the defense.

From time to time the trial grows so dull that even the prosecutors Rogge and Burns seem to grow indifferent. A defense attorney is asking a damaging question on cross-examination.

The judge looks toward the prosecution bench and says, "Does the 'government' wish to object?"

Rogge or Burns nods. "Objection sustained," the judge orders. But he has never once shown any desire to assist the defense against improper questions or evidence.

WOMAN TESTIFIES

The first woman to testify in the long trial thus far was Miss Alma McGroarty of Alexandria, Va., who said she heard James True, now out of this trial, tell George E. Deatherage that he knew a man who **intended to kill Roosevelt, "but", said True, "the old fool died without doin it."**

Rogge Sued For $100,000

WASHINGTON—Ernest F. Elmhurst, German-born defendant in the mass sedition trial brought suit against Federal Prosecutor O. John Rogge for $100,000. He charges that Rogge caused him to be "fired" from a job at the Shoreham Hotel.

Elmhurst, also known as Fleischkopf, who served two years in the German army during World War I, said in his complaint that "in order to keep body and soul together" he got a job as a captain of the Shoreham Hotel Terrace. He worked there while not attending the trial.

Radio Stations Sued

He charges that Rogge "devised ways and means" to cause him to be fired. Elmhurst also names the Shoreham Hotel, the Blue Network, and Radio Station WMAL as co-defendants.

Elmhurst's complaint charges that on July 16 Rogge talked with "John Doe", saying:

"I have just found out that Elmhurst is working at the Shoreham Hotel and am going to do something about it. Elmhurst is going to give us a lot of trouble in this case because he is going to subpoena Gerald L. K. Smith and Father Coughlin and if he does that and they go into the matter of the 'Second Louisiana Purchase' and the circumstances surrounding the assassination of Huey Long and he is able to get before the grand jury the remark made to Father Coughlin by President Roosevelt when Huey Long was assassinated, it is going to injure Roosevelt in his campaign for a fourth term. .

Laughlin Filed Suit

"Elmhurst also knows I voted the Socialist ticket in 1940."

The suit was filed by James J. Laughlin, a former defense attorney ousted from the sedition trial after he had filed impeachment charges against Edward C. Eicher with the House of Representatives.

Elmhurst did not identify the "John Doe" named in the complaint.

When informed of the suit Rogge said, "no comment".

Eicher Probes F B I Seizures of Bund Letters

WHETHER PRESIDENTIAL WARRANT JUSTIFIED ACTION IS ISSUE

WASHINGTON,—Chief Justice Edward C. Eicher began an inquiry at the sedition trial into the legality of the Government's seizure of letters, pamphlets and other documents at German-American Bund headquarters in Los Angeles the day after the Pearl Harbor attack.

The main testimony was deferred until this issue could be settled.

Chief Prosecutor O. John Rogge admitted the FBI had seized the papers without a search warrant, but said the agents were armed with a presidential warrant for the arrest of Hans Diebel and Herman Max Schwinn as enemy aliens. The chief issue was whether a presidential warrant authorized such a seizure Diebel and Schwinn are among the 26 defendants on trial .

Jury Excused for Day.

Justice Eicher decided to go into the question in the absence of the jury. He excused the jury for the day after announcing that juror number 11, Frederick Raulin of 1 Sherman Circle N. W., was ill. The judge said he had been advised by a physician that Mr. Raulin probably would be able to return to court tomorrow.

William A. Gallagher and Claude A. Thompson, counsel for Diebel and Schwinn, moved at the outset of the trial to suppress the evidence seized at the Deutches Haus, as Los Angeles Bund headquarters, was known. The court denied the motion at that time, but without prejudice, agreeing to consider it later. The attorney contended the place was searched and the papers taken illegally and in violation of the defendant's constitutional rights.

Presidential Warrant Is Issue

The prosecution had planed to offer many of the documents in evidence later in the week. Diebel was proprietor of the Aryan Book Store in Los Angeles, and Schwinn has been indentified as a West Coast bund leader.

FINGER PUT ON 'SEDITIONISTS' BY FORMER AIDE OF PELLEY

WASHINGTON,—A former proofreader for Silver Shirt Leader William Dudley Pelley testified at the mass sedition trial that he had seen four other seditон trial defendants and possibly a fifth, during the course of his work for Pelley.

Jesse B. Kling, Loogootee, Ind., called as a prosecution witness, told the court he had worked for Pelley's publications in Ashville, N. C., and Noblesville, Ind.

Kling said he saw Howard Victor Broenstrupp at the Noblesville plant; Ernest F. Elmhurst in Ashville in 1938 "in my capacity as proofreader when we were preparing a book for him" and in Noblesville in 1942; George E. Deatherage, head of the Knights of the White Camellia, in Ashville; and Frank W. Clark, organizer of the National Liberty party in Washington State in 1936.

"Did you ever see the defendant Herman Max Schwinn?" he was asked.

"I believe I did," Kling replied. "I wouldn't know the man."

AIMED AT JEWS

The prosecution described "J day" as a time when the Jews were to be ousted from positions of influence and "anti-Eskimo" as meaning anti-Jewish. Rogge told the jury the letter was dated before Pearl Harbor, and was written by Deatherage, a defendant, to Lawrence Brown, described as one of Pelley's Silver Shirt associates.

The letter said "army officers are openly talking of the inevitable purge to come and the seed that has been planted in past years certainly is growing into a nation-wide crop," and added:

"The feeling is much stronger and widespread than it ever was in the German pre-Hitler days. The under current is sullen and dangerous, and all it takes to fan it into a flame is an economic breakdown — which is bound to come, given time."

ANTI-JEWISH MOVE IN 1941 SHOWN IN TRIAL

WASHINGTON,—A letter purportedly written by George E. Deatherage, former commander of the Knights of the White Camellia, declaring that "we are following the pre-Hitler German pattern very closely," highlighted the prosecution exhibits in the trial of 26 persons charged with conspiring to undermine the loyalty of the armed forces.

LETTER IN PELLEY'S FILES DESCRIBES 'DRAG' WITH AXIS

WASHINGTON, —Personal files of William Dudley Pelley, a defendant in the sedition case, offered in evidence by the prosecution in District Court, include an unsigned copy of a letter, dated four months before Pearl Harbor, which stated:

"I think the time has come to consider that everything I have done up to now has been preparatory to the real gesture of starting something that literally sweeps the United States and drives the Luciferians into the two oceans. Not only that, but I hope that it results in a renovated and purified America, both spiritually and economically. In time, I am not so sure that it isn't going to go beyond the confines of America, because already I find myself a mightier personage in both Japan and Germany than my own breed here in the United States is yet willing to accredit.

"My 'drag' in Japan is so great that if it were not for the war stricture I could launch a branch of the Galileans there overnight. I have letters from prominent Japanese soliciting that I do some such thing and offering to give me every practical assistance in it.

BOOK WIDELY READ

"As for Germany and Europe, did I tell you that just before the war broke, every member of the Nazi court including Herr Hitler himself had read my book 'Behold Life' and was classing it as exactly the type of religion which Nazi Germany could embrace?"

The letter added: "If we got this Galilean movement going in Japan and Germany, it seems to me that the United States would be caught in a gigantic pincers movement of a religious nature that it would not escape."

PELLEY IN GOOD HEALTH

Dear Friend:

I want to clear up some prevalent doubts about Dad's state of health. A recent report in "The Broom", from which I have received some repercussions, indicates that Dad is probably next on the list of casualties among the defendants and their relatives. While I do not in any way impugn the intentions of "The BROOM", I want to state unequivocally that this is not so! It is true that he is receiving hospitalzation for the treatment of a certain aggravation, but this is purely to prevent his condition from becoming serious, and not because he is really ill. He spends his days at the trial, and returns to the infirmary in the evening. He is enjoying privacy and solitude, a good mattress, special and excellent diet, and a real rest for the first time since he entered his confinement two years ago. He is under the observation of a fine doctor, and as a result is on the road to becoming better than he has been in years. As a matter of fact, the examining physician said that he has the body of a man 15 years younger, and it is functioning almost perfectly. My husband or I are with him most of the time during court sessions, and we know that while the strain and discomforts exact a natural toll, there is no cause for alarm of any sort over his physical condition.

ADELAIDE PELLEY PEARSON

IT'S A "WAR GUILT" TRIAL

WASHINGTON, (Jewish Press Service — Thirty defendants, charged with conspiracy to promote the establishment of a Nazi government in the United States, went on trial here in what is considred the "American sequence" to the war guilt trials in Kharkov and Algiers.

—B'nai B'rith Messenger.

Enclosed find $100 Birthday present.
Hope you have about fifty more Birthdays.
—C. A.